## **Dynamics of a twelve-car train model**

We derive a twelve-car train model, where the dynamic equations of each car are similar to Appendix A except: (1) the first car has a parallel spring/damper set at the rear; (2) the middle cars have both front and rear connections; (3) the last car has a parallel spring/damper set at the front. The three cases are considered as in the following.

## (1) Dynamics of the first car:

The dynamics of the first car is similar to Eqs. (3)–(60), except the car-body Eqs. (3)–(12). Therefore, we use the same parameters of Table II and use  $y_c^F$ ,  $z_c^F$ ,  $\phi_c^F$ ,  $\theta_c^F$ , and  $\psi_c^F$  to represent the lateral, vertical, roll, pitch, and yaw motions of the car-body, and  $y_{t1}^F$ ,  $z_{t1}^F$ ,  $\phi_{t1}^F$ ,  $\psi_{t1}^F$  ( $y_{t2}$ ,  $z_{t2}$ ,  $\phi_{t2}$ ,  $\psi_{t2}$ ) to represent the lateral, vertical, roll, and yaw motions of the front (rear) bogie of the *Fth*-car (*F*=1 for the first car). As shown in Fig. 5, the connection is modeled as an equivalent spring with  $K_{by}$ =20kN/m located at  $h_k$ =0.75m and an equivalent lateral damper with  $C_{by}$ =50kNs/m located at  $h_c$ =1.5m above the center of gravity of the car body. In addition, we assume the distance between the centers of gravity of each car is  $L_{con}$ =10.3m. The following derived equations are used to replace Eqs. (3)–(12) for the first car, where the boldface represent the extra terms caused by the connected spring-damper set:

$$m_c \ddot{y}_c^F = F_{syc}^F \tag{61}$$

$$m_c \ddot{z}_c^F = F_{szc}^F \tag{62}$$

$$I_{cx} \dot{\phi}_{c}^{F} = M_{sxc}^{F}$$
(63)

$$I_{cy} \frac{\ddot{\theta}_{c}}{c} = M_{syc}^{F}$$
(64)

$$I_{c7} \ddot{\psi}_{c}^{F} = M_{s7c}^{F} \tag{65}$$

in which the suspension forces and moments acting on the *F*-car of the car body are

derived as follows:

$$F_{syc}^{F} = 2K_{sy} y_{11}^{F} + 2C_{sy} y_{11}^{F} + 2K_{sy} y_{22}^{F} + 2C_{sy} y_{12}^{F} - 4K_{sy} y_{c}^{F} - 4C_{sy} y_{c}^{F} - 4C_{sy} y_{c}^{F} - 4C_{sy} y_{c}^{F} - 6C_{by} (y_{c}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) - K_{by} y_{c}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) - K_{by} y_{con}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) - C_{by} y_{con} (y_{c}^{F} + y_{c}^{F+1}) - K_{by} L_{con} (y_{c}^{F} + y_{c}^{F+1}) - K_{by} L_{con} (y_{c}^{F} + y_{c}^{F+1}) - K_{by} y_{con}^{F} (y_{c}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) - K_{by} y_{c}^{F} (y_{c}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) + K_{by} y_{c}^{F} (y_{c}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) - K_{by} y_{c}^{F} (y_{c}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) + K_{by} (y_{c}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) - K_{by} y_{c}^{F} (y_{c}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) + K_{by} (y_{c}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) + 2K_{c} (y_{c}^{F} + y_{c}^{F}) + 2K_{c} (y_{c}^{F} - 4K_{s}^{F} y_{c}^{F}) + 2K_{c} (y_{c}^{F} - K_{b}^{F} y_{c}) + 2K_{c} (y_{c}^{F} - K_{b}^{F} y_{c}) + 2K_{c} (y_{c}^{F} - K_{b}^{F} y_{c}) + 2K_{c} (y_{c}^{F} - K_{b}^$$

$$M_{szc}^{F} = 2K_{sy} L_{2} (y_{t1}^{F} - y_{t2}^{F}) + 2C_{sy} L_{2} (y_{t1}^{F} - y_{t2}^{F}) + 2K_{sx} b_{2}^{2} (\psi_{t1}^{F} + \psi_{t2}^{F}) + 2C_{sx} b_{2}^{2} (\psi_{t1}^{F} + \psi_{t2}^{F}) - 4L_{2}^{2} (K_{sy} \psi_{c}^{F} + C_{sy} \psi_{c}^{F}) - 4b_{2}^{2} (K_{sx} \psi_{c}^{F} + C_{sx} \psi_{c}^{F}) - C_{by} L_{con} (y_{c}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) - K_{by} L_{con} (y_{c}^{F} - y_{c}^{F+1}) - C_{by} L_{con} h_{s} (\phi_{c}^{F} - \phi_{c}^{F+1}) + C_{by} L_{con} h_{c} (\phi_{c}^{F} - \phi_{c}^{F+1}) - C_{by} L_{con}^{2} (\psi_{c}^{F} + \psi_{c}^{F+1}) - K_{by} L_{con} h_{s} (\phi_{c}^{F} - \phi_{c}^{F+1}) + K_{by} L_{con} h_{k} (\phi_{c}^{F} - \phi_{c}^{F+1}) - K_{by} L_{con}^{2} (\psi_{c}^{F} - \psi_{c}^{F+1}) - 2K_{by} L_{con}^{2} \psi_{c}^{F+1}$$

$$(70)$$

## (2) Dynamics of the middle cars:

The dynamics of the middle cars is derived in a similar way. We use  $y_c^M$ ,  $z_c^M$ ,  $\phi_c^M$ ,  $\theta_c^M$ , and  $\psi_c^M$  to represent the lateral, vertical, roll, pitch, and yaw motions of the car-body, and  $y_{t1}^M$ ,  $z_{t1}^M$ ,  $\phi_{t1}^M$ ,  $\psi_{t1}^M$ ,  $(y_{t2}^M, z_{t2}^M, \phi_{t2}^M, \psi_{t2}^M)$  to represent the lateral, vertical, roll, and yaw motions of the front (rear) bogie of the *Mth*-car (*M*=2~11 for the middle cars). The following derived equations are used to replace Eqs. (3)–(12) for the middle cars, where the boldface represent the extra terms caused by the connected spring-damper sets:

$$m_c \ddot{y}_c^M = F_{syc}^M \tag{71}$$

$$m_c \ddot{z}_c^M = F_{szc}^M \tag{72}$$

$$I_{cx} \overset{\overleftarrow{\phi}^{M}}{c} = M_{sxc}^{M}$$
(73)

$$I_{cy} \overset{\partial}{}_{c} = M^{M}_{syc}$$
(74)

$$I_{cz} \dot{\psi}_{c}^{M} = M_{szc}^{M}$$
(75)

in which the suspension forces and moments acting on the *M*-car of the car body are

derived as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} F_{syc}^{M} &= 2K_{sy}y_{.1}^{M} + 2C_{sy}y_{.1}^{M} + 2K_{sy}y_{.2}^{M} + 2C_{sy}y_{.2}^{M} - 4K_{sy}y_{.c}^{M} \\ &- 4C_{sy}y_{.c}^{N} - 4K_{sy}\phi_{.c}^{M} - 4C_{sy}\phi_{.c}^{M} \\ &+ C_{by}(\dot{y}_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\dot{y}_{.c}^{M} + \dot{y}_{.c}^{M+1}) + K_{by}(y_{.c}^{M-1} - 2y_{.c}^{M} + y_{.c}^{M+1}) \\ &+ C_{by}(\dot{\phi}_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\dot{\phi}_{.c}^{M} + \dot{\phi}_{.c}^{M+1}) - C_{by}(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \dot{\phi}_{.c}^{M+1}) \\ &+ C_{by}L_{con}(\dot{\psi}_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) - K_{by}(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) \\ &+ K_{by}s(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) - K_{by}k(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) \\ &+ K_{by}s(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) - K_{by}k(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) \\ &+ K_{by}s(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) - K_{by}(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) \\ &+ K_{by}s(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) - K_{by}(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) \\ &+ K_{by}s(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) - K_{by}(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M+1}) \\ &+ K_{by}s(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M}) - K_{by}(\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M}) \\ &+ 2b_{2}^{2}C_{s(.c}(\phi_{.1}^{11} + \phi_{.2}^{M}) + 2C_{sy}s(y_{.1}^{M} + y_{.1}^{M}) + 2b_{2}^{2}K_{.c}(\phi_{.c}^{M} + \phi_{.c}^{M}) \\ &+ 2b_{2}^{2}C_{s(.c}(\phi_{.1}^{11} + \phi_{.2}^{M}) - 4K_{sz}b_{2}^{2}c_{.c}^{M} - 4C_{sz}b_{2}^{2}c_{.c}^{M} - 4K_{sy}b_{.c}^{2}c_{.c}^{M} \\ &- 4C_{sy}b_{s}^{2}\phi_{.c}^{M} - 4b_{.c}(K_{.sy}y_{.c}^{M} + C_{.yy}) \\ &+ C_{b}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})y_{.c}^{M-1} - 2C_{b}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})y_{.c}^{M} + C_{b}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})y_{.c}^{M+1} \\ &+ K_{by}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})y_{.c}^{M-1} - 2K_{b}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})^{2}\phi_{.c}^{M} + K_{b}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})^{2}\phi_{.c}^{M+1} \\ &+ K_{b}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})^{2}\phi_{.c}^{M-1} - 2K_{b}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})^{2}\phi_{.c}^{M} + K_{b}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})^{2}\phi_{.c}^{M+1} \\ &+ C_{by}L_{con}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})\psi_{.c}^{M-1} - K_{by}L_{con}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})\psi_{.c}^{M+1} \\ &+ C_{by}L_{con}(h_{.s} - h_{.c})\psi_{.c}^{M-1} - K_{by}L_{con}(h_{.s} - h_{$$

$$M_{syc}^{M} = 2K_{sz} L_{2} (-z_{t1}^{M} + z_{t2}^{M}) + 2C_{sz} L_{2} (-z_{t1}^{M} + z_{t2}^{M}) - (4K_{sz} L_{2}^{2} + 4K_{sx} h_{s}^{2}) \theta_{c}^{M} - (4C_{sz} L_{2}^{2} + 4C_{sx} h_{s}^{2}) \theta_{c}^{M}$$
(79)

$$\begin{split} M_{szc}^{M} &= 2K_{sy} L_{2} \left( y_{t1}^{M} - y_{t2}^{M} \right) + 2C_{sy} L_{2} \left( y_{t1}^{M} - y_{t2}^{M} \right) \\ &+ 2C_{sx} b_{2}^{2} \left( \psi_{t1}^{M} + \psi_{t2}^{M} \right) + 2K_{sx} b_{2}^{2} \left( \psi_{t1}^{M} + \psi_{t2}^{M} \right) \\ &- 4L_{2}^{2} \left( K_{sy} \psi_{c}^{M} + C_{sy} \psi_{c}^{M} \right) - 4b_{2}^{2} \left( K_{sx} \psi_{c}^{M} + C_{sx} \psi_{c}^{M} \right) \\ &- C_{by} L_{con} \left( y_{c}^{M-1} - y_{c}^{M+1} \right) - K_{by} L_{con} \left( y_{c}^{M-1} - y_{c}^{M+1} \right) \\ &- C_{by} L_{con} h_{s} \left( \phi_{c}^{M-1} - \phi_{c}^{M+1} \right) + C_{by} L_{con} h_{c} \left( \phi_{c}^{M-1} - \phi_{c}^{M+1} \right) \\ &- C_{by} L_{con}^{2} \left( \psi_{c}^{M-1} + 2\psi_{c}^{M} + \psi_{c}^{M+1} \right) - K_{by} L_{con}^{2} \left( \psi_{c}^{M-1} + 2\psi_{c}^{M} + \psi_{c}^{M+1} \right) \\ &- K_{by} L_{con} h_{s} \left( \phi_{c}^{M-1} - \phi_{c}^{M+1} \right) + K_{by} L_{con} h_{k} \left( \phi_{c}^{M-1} - \phi_{c}^{M+1} \right) \end{split}$$
(80)

## (3) Dynamics of the last car:

Similarly, we use the same parameters of Table II and use  $y_c^L$ ,  $z_c^L$ ,  $\phi_c^L$ ,  $\theta_c^L$ , and  $\psi^L$  to represent the lateral, vertical, roll, pitch, and yaw motions of the car-body, and  $y_{t1}^L$ ,  $z_{t1}^L$ ,  $\phi_{t1}^L$ ,  $\psi_{t1}^L$  ( $y_{t2}^L$ ,  $z_{t2}^L$ ,  $\phi_{t2}^L$ ,  $\psi_{t2}^L$ ) to represent the lateral, vertical, roll, and yaw motions of the front (rear) bogie of the *Lth*-car (*L*=12 for the last car). The following derived equations are used to replace Eqs. (3)–(12) for the last car, where the boldface represent the extra terms caused by the connected spring-damper set:

$$m_c \dot{y}_c^L = F_{syc}^L \tag{81}$$

$$m_c \ddot{z}_c^L = F_{szc}^L \tag{82}$$

$$I_{cx} \dot{\phi}_{c}^{L} = M_{sxc}^{L}$$
(83)

$$I_{cy} \overset{\partial}{}_{c}^{L} = M_{syc}^{L}$$
(84)

$$I_{c7} \ddot{\psi}_{c}^{L} = M_{s7c}^{L}$$
(85)

in which the suspension forces and moments acting on the *L*-car of the car body are derived as follows:

$$F_{syc}^{L} = 2K_{sy} y_{t1}^{L} + 2C_{sy} y_{t1}^{L} + 2K_{sy} y_{t2}^{L} + 2C_{sy} y_{sy}^{L} - 4K_{sy} y_{sy}$$

$$F_{szc}^{L} = 2K_{sz} \frac{z}{t_{1}}^{L} + 2C_{sz} \frac{z}{t_{1}}^{L} + 2K_{sz} \frac{z}{t_{2}}^{L} + 2C_{sz} \frac{z}{t_{2}}^{L} - 4K_{sz} \frac{z}{t_{c}}^{L} - 4C_{sz} \frac{z}{t_{c}}^{L}, \qquad (87)$$

$$M_{sxc}^{L} = 2K_{sy} \frac{h}{s} (y_{11}^{L} + y_{12}^{L}) + 2C_{sy} \frac{h}{sy} (y_{11}^{L} + y_{12}^{L}) + 2b_{2}^{2} C_{sz} (\phi_{11}^{L} + \phi_{12}^{L}) + 2b_{2}^{2} C_{sz} (\phi_{11}^{L} + \phi_{12}^{L}) - 4K_{b2}^{2} \frac{\phi}{s_{c}} - 4C_{sz} \frac{b}{2} \frac{\phi}{s_{c}}^{L} - 4K_{sy} \frac{b}{s_{c}} \frac{\phi}{s_{c}}^{L} \frac{\phi}{s_{c}}^{L} - 4K_{sy} \frac{b}{s_{c}} \frac{\phi}{s_{c}}^{L} \frac{\phi$$

$$M_{szc}^{L} = 2K_{sy}L_{2}(y_{t1}^{L} - y_{t2}^{L}) + 2C_{sy}L_{2}(y_{t1}^{L} - y_{t2}^{L}) + 2K_{sx}D_{2}^{2}(\psi_{t1}^{L} + \psi_{t2}^{L}) + 2C_{sx}D_{2}^{2}(\psi_{t1}^{L} + \psi_{t2}^{L}) - 4L_{2}^{2}(K_{sy}\psi_{c}^{L} + C_{sy}\psi_{c}^{L}) - 4b_{2}^{2}(K_{sx}\psi_{c}^{L} + C_{sx}\psi_{c}^{L}) - C_{by}L_{con}(y_{c}^{L-1} - y_{c}^{L}) - K_{by}L_{con}(y_{c}^{L-1} - y_{c}^{L}) - C_{by}L_{con}h_{s}(\phi_{c}^{L-1} - \phi_{c}^{L}) + C_{by}L_{con}h_{c}(\phi_{c}^{L-1} - \phi_{c}^{L}) - C_{by}L_{con}^{2}(\psi_{c}^{L-1} + \psi_{c}^{L}) - K_{by}L_{con}h_{s}(\phi_{c}^{L-1} - \phi_{c}^{L}) + K_{by}L_{con}h_{k}(\phi_{c}^{L-1} - \phi_{c}^{L}) - K_{by}L_{con}^{2}(\psi_{c}^{L-1} - \psi_{c}^{L}) - 2K_{by}L_{con}^{2}\psi_{c}^{L}$$
(90)

The dynamic model of the twelve-car DOF train model can be derived by Eqs. (13)–(90).